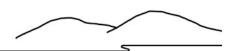
# Scotts Valley Fire Protection District FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT REPORT

June 30, 2024



Scotts Valley, CA

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Scotts Valley Fire Protection District as of and for the year-ended June 30, 2024, as listed in the Table of Contents. In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Scotts Valley Fire Protection District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows where applicable for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that,



individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
  aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a
  going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information and Budget VS. Actual comparison be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with managements responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurances on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide an assurance.

PnPCPA

### Audit Report June 30, 2024

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## **SCOTTS VALLEY** FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

7 Erba Lane, Scotts Valley, California 95066 (831) 438-0211 Fax (831) 438-0383

#### Mark Correira Fire Chief

October 30, 2023

The Scotts Valley Fire Protection District (SVFPD) provides fire protection services to approximately twenty-four square mile area of Santa Cruz County from the Santa Cruz city limits to Spanish Oaks and from Henry Cowell State Park to Glen Canyon/Vine Hill Roads and includes all of the City of Scotts Valley. The population of the SVFPD is approximately twenty thousand, including about twelve thousand within the city limits. The SVFPD is a separate government body, not part of the City of Scotts Valley, known as a California Special District and is governed by an elected board of five citizens. This section of the SVFPD financial report presents the discussion and analysis of the SVFPD financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

<u>Description of the Basic Financial Statements</u>

The financial statements consist of the following parts: Management discussion and analysis; the basic financial statements consisting of government-wide financial statements, and fund financial statements (governmental and fiduciary); notes to the financial statements; and required supplementary information.

The basic government-wide and fund financial statements present the financial results on different methods of accounting. Included in the financial statements are reconciliations that explain the difference between the two methods.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting and economic resources focus. The required financial statements are: Statement of Net Position (Statement A) and Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position reports all assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term, of the SVFPD. The Statement of Activities reports all revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash was received or paid.

Governmental Funds financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources focus. This is the traditional form for our financial statements. The required financial statements are Balance Sheet, and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The Balance Sheet shows only assets and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities are included. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports revenue for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during or soon after the end of the year.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position explains the differences between the two balance sheets. Reconciliation of the Statement Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities traces the change in fund balances to the change in net position.

Governmental Fiduciary financial statements for the Hazardous Materials Interagency Team are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources focus. The required financial statements are: Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Activities and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The Statement of Net Position reports all assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term of the fund. The Statement of Activities reports all revenue and expenses of the fund during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The Government-Wide and Governmental Funds financial statements show the results of the following funds:

**General Fund** - This fund is used to finance the operations of the SVFPD. Tax revenues are placed in the General Fund and regular operating expenses are charged here. For the 2023/2024 FY, Capital Structure and Improvements was budgeted in the General Fund to eliminate the needs to borrow money from the County prior to the first property tax distribution in December.

**Capital Outlay/Zone A Fund** - A legally formed zone of benefits established in 1969 that receives revenues and expenditures are budgeted for capital projects.

The fiduciary fund financial statements show the results of the following:

Santa Cruz Hazardous Materials Interagency Team (SCHMIT) - The SVFPD reports the resources held and administered by the SVFPD in acting in a fiduciary capacity for other agencies involved in the Team. Operational funding is received through a memorandum of understanding with Santa Cruz County, UCSC, City of Scotts Valley, City of Capitola, City of Santa Cruz, City of Watsonville, and the California State Parks. When available, additional funding had been received from grants.

### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net Position - The SVFPD net change in net position was \$2,892,071 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The adoption of GASB 68 put the SVFPD in a negative net position with further negative net position from the adoption of GASB 74/75. The negative net position will not adversely affect the SVFPD as the positive fund balance will allow the SVFPD to continue to offer services to the public. Approximately 25 percent of the \$20,597,865 in assets, \$4,486,924 are invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and related debt).

#### **Financial Analysis of the District's Funds**

Governmental fund balances increased by \$2.324,686. The main reason for the difference between the \$2,892,701 increase in SVFPD net position and the \$2,324,686 increase in fund balances is timing differences in accounting for expenditures, principal payments made on long-term liabilities, and the difference in accounting for fixed asset purchases and depreciation.

### **Budgetary Highlights**

General Fund revenue was 10.18% better than budgeted at \$914,665, mainly due to strike team reimbursement and residual distribution due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency (RDA) with tax revenue 2.55% better, at \$205,189.

Salaries and benefits were \$548,707 (6.25%) under budget. Services and supplies were \$363,129 (50.78%) under budget. This was due to the differences both favorable and unfavorable between budgeted and actual expenditures in the thirty separate accounts that make up this category.

Total General Fund expenditures were \$8,943,663 (9.48%) less than the amount budgeted, including contingency appropriation, which did not need to be used during the year.

### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2023, the SVFPD had invested \$9,617,456 in a broad range of capital assets including land, structures and improvements, equipment, and construction in progress. This was an increase from the prioryears' amount of \$7,928,532; primarily due to the consolidation of Branciforte and Scotts Valley Fire Protection District.

### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At June 30, 2024 the SVFPD had \$17,877,247 in long-term liabilities which consists of postemployment benefits obligation and the Net Pension Liability. In September 2020, the SVFPD established the California Employers' Pension Prefunding Trust (CEPPT) to prefund future pension costs and the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) in an effort to reduce the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability. The other postemployment benefits obligation is a result of the implementation of GASB 74/75. Detailed information can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The main source of SVFPD revenue is property tax. Estimates from the Santa Cruz County Auditor project a 4% growth in the secured property tax (real estate). The SVFPD has budgeted the 4% growth in the property tax elements for the General Fund and Capital Outlay/Zone A. Other non-tax elements of revenue are projected using past trends. There is potential for variances due to re-assessments of real property values and new construction within the SVFPD.

Total budgeted General Fund expenditures for 2023/2024 fiscal year (FY), is \$13,173,203, which includes reserve funds. Salaries and Benefits budget includes a 3% salary increase. All authorized positions are funded this FY. The SVFPD contribution to the CalPERS retirement program is 24.15% of payroll plus an annual Unfunded Accrued Liability payment of \$988,365 for the Classic Safety plan and 12.47% of payroll and no annual Unfunded Accrued Liability payment for the Classic Miscellaneous plan. Classic Safety members contribute an additional 9% of salary to CalPERS for retirement and Classic Miscellaneous members contribute 7% of salary.

The employer rate for new CalPERS PEPRA safety employees hired after January 1, 2013, is 13.54% of payroll and no annual Unfunded Accrued Liability payment and for PEPRA Miscellaneous employees 7.68% of payroll plus no annual Unfunded Accrued Liability payment.

This represents a budgeted amount of \$1,771,669 payable to CalPERS, which is a decrease of \$38,584 over 2022/2023 FY. In addition, \$150,000 is budgeted in the Contributions to Trust/Agency Fund to the California Employers' Pension Prefunding Trust (CEPPT). The CEPPT will allow the SVFPD to prefund future pension lability with a 4% 10 year expected rate of return.

Health insurance is budgeted for an increase effective January 1, 2024. Retiree health insurance is budgeted at \$98,810, an increase of \$9,754 over last year. In addition, \$155,000 is budgeted in the Contributions to Trust/Agency Fund to the California Employers' Other Retiree Benefits Trust (CERBT). The CERBT will allow the SVFPD to prefund Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) for retiree healthcare with a 7.01% long-term expected rate of return.

Workers compensation insurance is \$464,393, an increase of \$85,701 over last FY. The Services and Supplies budget is \$911,426, an increase of \$64,639 over last FY.

The Contributions to Other Agencies is for the SVPFD share of the LAFCO budget at \$9,000, a slight increase over last FY.

The beginning balance of the Capital Outlay/Zone A fund is \$1,376,474. A 4% increase in property tax revenue is estimated for this FY. The Service and Supplies Budget is \$822,652, Fixed Assets for Fire Facilities upgrades and Equipment is \$190,500, Reserves in the amount of \$316,710 for future expenditures and \$200,000 for contingencies.

The beginning fund balance for the Santa Cruz Hazardous Materials Interagency Team (SCHMIT) is \$261,866. Services and supplies are to support the operating costs of the team in the amount of \$80,024, which includes a \$6,000, charge for management of the program. Personnel costs include \$20,000 for reimbursement to response agencies in the event of an activation and \$240,000, for differential costs for the response agencies, which accounts for 30 total members.

### **Contacting the Districts Financial Management**

This financial statement is designed to provide a general overview of the SVFPD finances. If you have questions about these financial statements or need additional financial information, contact the SVFPD Office at 7 Erba Lane, Scotts Valley, California 95066. Financial statements from previous fiscal years may be found on the SVFPD website at www.scottsvalleyfire.com.



## Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Capital
ASSETS		
Assets:		
Cash	\$ 5,351,599	\$ 2,123,344
Accounts Receivable	23,778	-
Deposits & Prepaid Expenses		
TOTAL ASSETS	5,375,377	2,123,344
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS & FUND BALANCES		
<u>Liabilities:</u>		
Accounts Payable	11,171	-
Accrued Payroll	114,032	
TOTAL LIABILIITES	125,203	
<u>Deferred Inflows</u>		
Unavailable Revenue		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	125,203	
Fund Balances:		-
Unassigned	5,250,174	_
Unspendable	-	-
Committed		2,123,344
Total Fund Balance	5,250,174	2,123,344
TOTAL LIABILITIES &		
FUND BALANCE	\$ 5,375,377	\$ 2,123,344

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Change in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUE	General Fund		Capital
Tax Revenue	\$	10,462,043	\$ 155,498
Charges for Service		280,217	-
Fire Protection Tax		-	80,789
Interest & Investment Earnings		103,163	62,856
License & Permits		30,637	-
Grants & Contributions		-	-
District Consolidation Contribution		256,727	750,304
Miscellaneous		9,121	54,891
TOTAL REVENUE		11,141,908	1,104,338
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Capital Assets		-	90,545
Debt Service:			
Principle		-	-
Interest		-	-
Professional Fees		134,969	134,089
Salaries and Employee Benefits		8,694,336	-
Repairs and Maintenance		225,803	65,771
Insurance		57,538	-
Services, Supplies and Refunds		451,445	67,064
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		9,564,091	357,469
Excess (Deficit) Revenues over Expenditures		1,577,817	746,870
Transfer In/(Out)			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,577,817	746,870
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,672,357	1,376,474
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	5,250,174	\$ 2,123,344



#### **Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2024

ASSETS	2024
Current Assets: Cash Accounts Receivable Deposits & Prepaid Expenses	\$ 7,474,943 23,778 -
Total Current Assets	7,498,721
Capital Assets: Land Buildings & Improvements Firefighting Equipment Construction in Progess Less: Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets	824,574 2,231,492 4,995,546 1,565,844 (5,130,532) 4,486,924
TOTAL ASSETS	11,985,645
DEFERRED OUTFLOW GASB 75 GASB 68 Pension	91,895 8,520,325
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW	8,612,220
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	20,597,865
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Liabilities Current Portion Accrued Compensated Absences	11,171 114,032 - 288,999
Total Current Liabilities	414,202
Long-term Liabilities: OPEB Note Payable Net Pension Liability	1,274,807 - 16,602,440
Total Long-term Liabilities	17,877,247
TOTAL LIABILITIES	18,291,449
DEFERRED INFLOWS GASB 75 GASB 68 Pension	575,011 527,272
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	1,102,283
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	19,393,732
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	4,486,924 (3,282,791)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,204,133

# SCOTTS VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Ju	ne 30, 2024
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Capital Assets used in Governmental Funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the Governmental Funds.	\$	7,373,518
Total Historical Cost of Capital Assets		9,617,456
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(5,130,532)
Compensated Absences are reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the liability is not reported in Governmental Funds.  Deferred Outflows not due and receivable in the current period and therefore are not reported as an asset in the governmental funds. This is comprised of GASB 68 Pension		(288,999)
Outflows. Deferred Outflows at June 30 was:		8,612,221
Some Deferred Inflows are not due in the current period and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. This is comprised of GASB 68 Pension Inflows. Net Deferred Inflows at June 30 was:  Long-term liabilities are not due in the current period and therefore, are not reported as		(1,102,283)
liabilities in the governmental funds.		(17,877,248)
Net Position	\$	1,204,133

### Statement of Activities For the Year-Ended June 30, 2024

#### 2024

		Operating Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions and Fire Fee	Exces Reve	ss of nues/(Expenses)
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
Public Protection	\$ 9,272,793	\$ 280,217	1,357,397	\$	(7,635,179)
Depreciation (Unallocated)	286,344	-	-		(286,344)
<b>Total Governmental Activites</b>					(7,921,523)
General Revenues:					
Tax Revenue					10,617,541
Interest & Investment Ea	ırnings				166,018
Change in Fair value of ir	nvestments				-
License, Permits & Rents					30,637
Miscellaneous					(602)
<b>Total General Revenues</b>					10,813,594
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION					2,892,071
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1				(1,687,938)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR				\$	1,204,133

#### SCOTT'S VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	June 30, 2024
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different as follows:	2,324,686
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets are allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense during the year	
Current Year Capital Outlays	-
Less: Current Year Depreciation Expense	(286,344)
In the Governmental Funds revenues are measured by the amount of financial resources received. In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, revenues are measured by the amounts earned during the year	227,744
In the Governmental Funds CalPers expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used, which is the amounts actually paid. In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, CalPers expenditures are measured by the amounts expensed during the year	338,336
In the Governmental Funds OPEB expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used, which is the amounts actually paid. In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, OPEB expenditures are measured by the amounts expensed during the year	300,653
In the Governmental Funds compensated absences (sick pay and vacation) are measured by the amount of financial resources used, which is the amounts actually paid. In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year	(13,004)
Repayment of principle on long-term liabilities is an expenditure for Governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principle payments made on long-term liabilities during the year consist of:	- -
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,892,071

FIDUCIARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SCHMIT

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position SCHMIT June 30, 2024

<u>ASSETS</u>	2024
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 393,893
Total Current Assets	393,893
Capital Assets:	
Firefighting Equipment	411,631
Computer Equipment	948
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(396,586)
T. 10 % IA .	45.000
Total Capital Assets	15,993
TOTAL ASSETS	409,886
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	-
Total Current Liabilities	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_
NET POSITION	
SCHMIT Fund	409,886
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 409,886

# Statement of Activities & Change in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds SCHMIT For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

<u>ADDITIONS</u>	2024 Fiduciary Fund	
Aid from other government agencies Use of Money and Property (Interest)	\$	261,795 14,915
TOTAL ADDITIONS		276,710
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>		
Depreciation Services, Supplies and Refunds		18,670 144,683
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		163,353
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		113,357
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		296,529
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	409,886

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Organization

The Scotts Valley Fire Protection District was organized July 17, 1956, under the authority of Section 56000 et. seq. of the California Government Code, in conformity with the Health and Safety Code, Sections 14001 et. seq. and was reorganized in September 1987 in conformity with the Health and Safety Code, Sections 13801 et. seq. The District provides fire protection for the City of Scotts Valley and vicinity.

The Special Fire Protection Zone A was organized December 22, 1969, in conformity with the Health and Safety Code, Sections 13991 et. seq. The boundaries of the fire zone fall totally within Scotts Valley Fire Protection District. By Resolution2003-2 the funding derived from Zone A may be used for capital improvements, where a beneficial relationship to Zone A can be demonstrated as established during the annual budget hearings.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the Santa Cruz Hazardous Materials Interagency Team (SCHMIT) was formed. The District has been appointed as the Program Manager for SCHMIT. As program manager, the District is acting as the fiscal agent. The District accounts for all receipts and disbursements for SCHMIT, a separate Fiduciary Fund of the District.

#### Accounting Records

The official accounting records of the District are maintained in the office of the Auditor-Controller of the County of Santa Cruz. Supporting documents are maintained by the District.

#### Minutes

Minutes were recorded for meetings and contained approvals for disbursements.

#### **Budgetary Procedure**

The District prepares a fiscal year budget in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Accounting Principles**

The financial statements of the Scotts Valley Fire Protection District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

#### Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The Budget of the District are organized on the basis of funds, or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

#### Financial Statement Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The District Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the District accompanied by a total column.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the District's assets and liabilities, including capital assets as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the District are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

The District's governmental-wide fund balance is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - Includes amount of the fund balance that is invested in capital assets net of any related debt.

<u>Restricted</u> - Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, external resource providers, constitutionally, or through enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - Includes amounts that are technically available for any purpose and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements. The District has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the District, are property tax, intergovernmental revenues and other taxes. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

<u>Nonspendable</u> - Includes amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally, or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the government take the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

<u>Assigned</u> - Includes amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates authority.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Includes amounts that are technically available for any purpose and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications.

#### Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The District entered into an arrangement whereby the District reports resources held and administered by the District in a fiduciary capacity for the Santa Cruz Hazardous Materials Interagency Team (SCHMIT). Per definition, the resources held under this agreement are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary Fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position.

The basic financial statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Fiduciary Fund's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period the liability is incurred.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The District prepares a fiscal year budget in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The County sponsors an investment pool that is managed by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Cash and investments for most County activities are included in the investment pool. Interest earned on the investment pool is distributed to the participating funds monthly using a formula based on the average daily balance of each fund

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the County's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such a collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the County's name.

#### Accounts Receivable

On an accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which the services are rendered. The District has not established an allowance for uncollectable receivables for Governmental or Grant Funds since prior experience has shown that uncollectable receivables are not significant.

#### **Prepaid Expenditures**

Prepaid expenditures (expenses) represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services. The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures in the period benefited.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, and equipment are reported in the Government-Wide financial statements. Capital Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The District had set capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets at the following:

Structures \$5,000 Equipment 5,000

Improvements 5,000 or 20% of cost of existing asset (lesser of)

Depreciation is recorded on the straight-line method (with no depreciation applied to the first year of acquisition) over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Station and Improvements 15-40 years

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Equipment 3-40 years
Mobile Equipment 10-20 years

#### Inventory, Materials, and Supplies

The inventory on hand at any time is small. Accordingly, purchases are charges directly to fixed assets or to maintenance costs, as applicable.

#### Liability for Compensated Absences

The District is required to recognize a liability for employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences. All vacation and vested sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### District Special Expense

Because fire hose couplings and nozzles are peculiar to fire districts, the manual of the State Controller provides that purchases of such items be charged to the expense account "District Special Expense".

#### Unrealized Gains and Losses

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has established GASB-31 which requires public agencies to report the financial effect of all unrealized gains and losses on invested funds. As of June 30, 2024 the unrealized gains for Scotts Valley Fire Protection District were not considered to be material to the financial statements taken as a whole, and accordingly, has not been reflected in the financial statements.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow/inflows of resources, represents an acquisition/disposition of net position that applies to future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow/inflow of resources until that time.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position

#### **Property Taxes**

The County of Santa Cruz assesses properties, bills, and collects property taxes for the District. Assessed values are determined annually by the County Assessor as of March 1, and become a lien on real property as of that date. Taxes are due November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10, respectively. The County bills and collects property taxes and remits them to the District under the state authorized method of apportioning taxes whereby all local agencies, including special districts, receive for the County their respective shares of the amount of ad valorem taxes collected.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 – Cash Summary of Cash

June 30, 2024
Value

County Cash
Petty Cash
Total

Value

7,474,843

100
\$ 7,474,943

Investment Policy: California statutes authorize districts to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The District does not have an investment policy that addresses its interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Investment in the County of Santa Cruz's Investment Pool: The District maintains its cash in County of Santa Cruz's cash and investment pool which is managed by the Santa Cruz County Treasurer. The District's cash balances invested in the Santa Cruz County Treasurer's cash and investment pool are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Santa Cruz County does not invest in any derivative financial products. The Santa Cruz County Treasury Investment Oversight Committee (Committee) has oversight responsibility for Santa Cruz County's cash and investment pool. The value of pool shares in Santa Cruz County that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the District's position in the pool.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pool does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Custodial Risk: Custodial risk is the risk that the government will not be able to recover its deposits or the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect deposits or investment in securities through the use of government investment pools (such as the County's investment pool).

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

#### Note 3 – Accounts Receivable

On June 30, 2024, the District had \$23,778 in Accounts Receivable. No allowance for doubtful accounts had been recorded per historical collections

#### Note 4 – Capital Assets

The District believes that sufficient detail of Capital assets balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid obscuring of significant components by aggregation

#### Note 5 – Compensated Absences

On June 30, 2024, the liability for compensated absences was \$288,999.

#### Note 6 - Changes in Long-term debt

A summary of long-term debt transactions of Scotts Valley Fire Protection District for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Balance July 1,	Reductions/ Additions	Reductions/ Additions	Balance June 30,
Accumulated Unpaid Compensated Absences	\$ 275,996	\$ 13,003	\$ -	\$ 288,999
Net Other Post Employment				
Benefits Obligation	\$ 1,428,111	\$ -	\$ 153,304	\$ 1,274,807
CalPERs UAL	\$ 7,133,352	\$ -	\$ 153,304	\$ 6,980,048

### Note 7 - Public Employees' retirement Plan:

### Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan), administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan's benefit provisions are established by statute. The Plan is included as a pension trust fund in the CalPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The Plan consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively, including those of the Scotts Valley Fire Protection District. The Scotts Valley Fire Protection District's employer rate plans in the miscellaneous risk pool include the Miscellaneous plan (Miscellaneous) and the PEPRA Miscellaneous plan (PEPRA Misc.). The Scotts Valley Fire Protection District's employer rate plans in the safety risk pool include the Safety plan (Safety) and the PEPRA Safety Fire plan (PEPRA Fire).

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Plan provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic members and PEPRA Safety members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. PEPRA Miscellaneous members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The death benefit is the Basic Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

**Employer Rate Plans in the Miscellaneous Risk Pool** 

Employer rate plan	Miscellaneous	PEPRA Misc.
Hire Date	Prior to January 01, 2013	On or after January 01, 2013
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	50	52
Monthly benefits, as of % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%

#### **Employer Rate Plans in the Safety Risk Pool**

Employer rate plan	Safety	PEPRA Fire
Hire Date	Prior to January 01, 2013	On or after January 01, 2013
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50
Monthly benefits, as of % of eligible compensation	2.4% to 3.0%	2.0% to 2.7%

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the CalPERS actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Contribution rates for the employer rate plans are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. Each employer rate plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the employer rate plan's allocated share of the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The Scotts Valley Fire Protection District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The Scotts Valley Fire Protection District's net pension liability for each risk pool is measured as the proportionate share of each risk pool's net pension liability. GASB 68 indicates that to the extent different contribution rates are assessed based on separate relationships that constitute the collective net pension liability, the determination of the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability should be made in a manner that reflects those relationships. The allocation method used by CalPERS to determine each employer's proportionate share reflects those relationships through the employer rate plans they sponsor within the respective risk pools. An actuarial measurement of the employer's rate plan liability and asset-related information are used where available, and proportional allocations of individual employer rate plan amounts as of the valuation date are used where not available.

In determining an employer's proportionate share, the employer rate plans included in the Plan were assigned to either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pool. Estimates of the total pension liability and the fiduciary net position were first determined for the individual rate plans and each risk pool as of the valuation date, June 30, 2023. Each employer rate plan's fiduciary net position was subtracted from its total pension liability to obtain its net pension liability as of the valuation date. The Scotts Valley Fire Protection District's proportionate share percentage for each risk pool at the valuation date was calculated by dividing the Scotts Valley Fire Protection District's net pension liability for each of its employer rate plans within each risk pool by the net pension liability of the respective risk pool as of the valuation date.

The Scotts Valley Fire Protection District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2020, the measurement date, was calculated as follows:

Each risk pool's total pension liability was computed at the measurement date, June 30, 2020, by applying standard actuarial roll-forward methods to the total pension liability amounts as of the valuation date. The fiduciary net position for each risk pool at the measurement date was determined by CalPERS' Financial Office. The net pension liability for each risk pool at June 30, 2020, was computed by subtracting the respective risk pool's fiduciary net position from its total pension liability.

The individual employer risk pool's proportionate share percentage of the total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2023, was calculated by applying Scotts Valley Fire Protection District's proportionate share percentage as of the valuation date (described above) to the respective risk pool's total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2023, to obtain the total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2023. The fiduciary net position was then subtracted from total pension liability to obtain the net pension liability as of the measurement date.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### Scotts Valley Fire Protection District

Ending Balances - Net Pension Liability & Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - 6/30/2024 Reporting Date:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes of Assumptions	929,277	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	1,064,739	-
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	2,182,290	-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	-	526,042
Change in Employer's Proportion	667,973	-
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date	1,791,598	
	6,635,876	526,042
Net Pension Liability as of 6/30/2024	15,917,297	

#### **Branciforte Fire Protection District**

		, , , ,
	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes of Assumptions	39,986	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	45,996	-
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	93,762	-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	32,105	-
Change in Employer's Proportion	-	1,230
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date	91,582	-
	303,431	1,230

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### Scotts Valley Fire Protection District

Pension Expense as of June 30, 2024	2,919,042		
At 6/30/2024, proportionate shares of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) by plan(s):			
At 0/30/2024, proportionate shares of Net 1 choich Education (1990) of pranty.			
Miscellaneous Safety <b>Total</b>	Proportionate Share of Net Pension <u>Liability/(Asset)</u> 160,096 15,757,201 15,917,297		
Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) for the Plan as of 6/30/202	23 and 6/30/2024:		
	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.00527%	0.21041%	0.127309
Proportion - June 30, 2024	0.00320%	0.21080%	0.127599
Change - Increase/(Decrease)			
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi	-0.00207% lity/(asset), total proporti	0.00039% on for all employer plans wi	
<b>Note</b> : Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %	lity/(asset), total proporti	on for all employer plans wi	
<b>Note</b> : Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %	lity/(asset), total proporti  pensions will be recognize  Miscellaneous	on for all employer plans wi	II not equal the sum o
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to part of the proportion of the nature of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %	Densions will be recognize  Miscellaneous  (35,621)	on for all employer plans wi d in pension expense as follo	ows:  Total \$ 1,451,909
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to particle.  Fiscal Year Ending June 30:  2025 2026	pensions will be recognize  Miscellaneous  \$ (35,621) (29,706)	d in pension expense as follows:  Safety 1,487,530 1,045,840	ows:  Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to particle.  Fiscal Year Ending June 30:  2025 2026 2027	pensions will be recognize  Miscellaneous  \$ (35,621) (29,706) (4,350)	on for all employer plans wi d in pension expense as follo  Safety \$ 1,487,530 1,045,840 1,793,611	ows:  Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134 1,789,261
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proportion with the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion with the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pe	pensions will be recognize  Miscellaneous  \$ (35,621) (29,706)	d in pension expense as follows:  Safety 1,487,530 1,045,840	ows:  Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134 1,789,261
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proportion with the miscellaneous proportion of the nature of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion with the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Met Pension Liab	pensions will be recognize  Miscellaneous  \$ (35,621) (29,706) (4,350)	on for all employer plans wi d in pension expense as follo  Safety \$ 1,487,530 1,045,840 1,793,611	ows:  Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134 1,789,261
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proportion with the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion with the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the Metal Pe	pensions will be recognize  Miscellaneous  \$ (35,621) (29,706) (4,350)	d in pension expense as follows:  Safety \$ 1,487,530 1,045,840 1,793,611 60,188	Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134 1,789,261 60,932
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proportion in the miscellaneous proportion in the miscellane	bensions will be recognize    Miscellaneous   (35,621) (29,706) (4,350)	on for all employer plans wi d in pension expense as follow Safety \$ 1,487,530 1,045,840 1,793,611 60,188	Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134 1,789,261 60,932
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proportion in the proportion of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Fiscal Year Ending June 30:  2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	bensions will be recognize  Miscellaneous  \$ (35,621) (29,706) (4,350) 744 (68,933)	on for all employer plans wi	Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134 1,789,261 60,932 \$ 4,318,236
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proportion in the miscellaneous proportion in the miscellane	bensions will be recognize  Miscellaneous  \$ (35,621) (29,706) (4,350) 744	on for all employer plans wi d in pension expense as follo  Safety \$ 1,487,530 1,045,840 1,793,611 60,188 4,387,169  Current Discount Rate	Ows:  Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134 1,789,261 60,932 \$ 4,318,236
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to page 5 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2029 2029 2029  Thereafter  Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Change	Densions will be recognize    Miscellaneous   (35,621) (29,706) (4,350) (744 (68,933)   (68,933)   (68,933)   (68,933)   (68,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936) (78,936)   (78,936)	on for all employer plans wi d in pension expense as follo  Safety \$ 1,487,530	Ows:  Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134 1,789,261 60,932 \$ 4,318,236  Discount Rate +1% 7.90%
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proportion for the proportion of the nature of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Fiscal Year Ending June 30:  2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	bensions will be recognize  Miscellaneous  \$ (35,621) (29,706) (4,350) 744	on for all employer plans wi d in pension expense as follo  Safety \$ 1,487,530 1,045,840 1,793,611 60,188 4,387,169  Current Discount Rate	Ows:  Total \$ 1,451,909 1,016,134 1,789,261 60,932 \$ 4,318,236
Note: Due to the nature of calculating proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabi the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proportion for the safety proportion in the s	Densions will be recognize    Miscellaneous   (35,621)	on for all employer plans wi d in pension expense as follow \$ 1,487,530 1,045,840 1,793,611 60,188	Discount Rate +1% 7.90% 24,692

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Branciforte Fire Protection District**

Pension Expense as of June 30, 2024	206,821		
At 6/30/2024, proportionate shares of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) by plan(s):			
	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		
Miscellaneous Safety <b>Total</b>	685,143 685,143		
Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) for the Plan as of 6/30/202	23 and 6/30/2024:		
	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.00000%	0.00980%	0.009809
Proportion - June 30, 2024 Change - Increase/(Decrease)	0.00000%	0.00917% -0.00063%	-0.009179 -0.000639
= · ·	iity/(asset), totai proporti	on for all employer plans	will not equal the sum o
the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %			
the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %			
the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to part of the safety proportion with the miscellane of the miscellane safety proportion %	pensions will be recognized	d in pension expense as for Safety \$ 75,719	Total \$ 75,719
the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to part of the safety proportion in the safety proportion %  Fiscal Year Ending June 30:  2025 2026	pensions will be recognized  Miscellaneous	d in pension expense as for Safety \$ 75,719 53,236	Total \$ 75,719 53,236
the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to p  Fiscal Year Ending June 30:  2025 2026 2027	pensions will be recognized  Miscellaneous	\$ 75,719 \$ 53,236 79,046	Total \$ 75,719 53,236 79,046
Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed to the second sec	pensions will be recognized  Miscellaneous	d in pension expense as for Safety \$ 75,719 53,236	Total \$ 75,719 53,236 79,046 2,61
Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed to the second sec	pensions will be recognized  Miscellaneous	\$ 75,719 \$ 53,236 79,046	Total \$ 75,719 53,236 79,046
Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed to the second sec	pensions will be recognized  Miscellaneous	\$ 75,719 \$ 53,236 79,046	Total \$ 75,719 53,230 79,040 2,617
Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed to the second sec	pensions will be recognized  Miscellaneous	safety \$ 75,719 \$ 53,236 79,046 2,617 -	Total \$ 75,719 53,236 79,046 2,617
Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources relate	Miscellaneous \$	safety \$ 75,719 \$ 53,236 79,046 2,617 -	Total \$ 75,719 53,230 79,040 2,617
Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proceed the follows of resources relate	Miscellaneous \$	d in pension expense as for Safety \$ 75,719 \$ 53,236 \$ 79,046 \$ 2,617 \$ - \$ - \$ 210,618  Current Discount Rate	Total \$ 75,719 53,236 79,046 2,617 \$ 210,618
the miscellaneous proportion % and the safety proportion %  Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to proportion with the safety proportion in the safety proportion with	Miscellaneous  \$	d in pension expense as for Safety \$ 75,719 \$ 53,236 \$ 79,046 \$ 2,617 \$	Total \$ 75,719 53,236 79,046 2,617 \$ 210,618
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter  Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Change	Miscellaneous \$	d in pension expense as for Safety \$ 75,719 \$ 53,236 \$ 79,046 \$ 2,617 \$ - \$ - \$ 210,618  Current Discount Rate	Total \$ 75,719 53,236 79,046 2,617 \$ 210,618

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2023 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The collective total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Investment rate of return Inflation Salary increases Mortality rate table<sup>1</sup> Post-retirement benefit increase 6.90%
2.30%
Varies by Entry Age and Service
Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Contract COLA up to 2.30% until Purchasing Power
Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested employer rate plans within the Plan that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested employer rate plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.90% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report, *GASB Statements 67 and 68 Crossover Testing Report for Measurement Date June 30, 2018 based on June 30, 2017 Valuations,* that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. For the CalPERS Plan, the 6.90% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.05%. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short- term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 11 years) and the long-term (60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long- term, the present value of benefits was calculated for the Plan. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be found on the CalPERS website.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 <sup>1,2</sup>
Global equity - cap-weighted	30.00 %	4.54 %
Global equity non-cap-weighted	12.00	3.84
Private Equity	13.00	7.28
Treasury	5.00	0.27
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00	0.50
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00	1.56
High Yield	5.00	2.27
Emerging Market Debt	5.00	2.48
Private Debt	5.00	3.57
Real Assets	15.00	3.21
Leverage	(5.00)	(0.59)

<sup>1</sup> An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# SCHEDULE OF THE SCOTTS VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### LAST TEN YEARS\*

SAFETY		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.210800%		0.210410%		0.200330%	- (	0.183990%	0.:	177280%	C	0.172620%	- (	0.100686%		0.100810%		0.095210%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1	15,757,201	\$	14,458,220	\$	7,030,709	\$1	2,258,129	\$11,	066,890	\$10	0,128,398	\$	9,985,259	\$	8,723,472	\$	6,535,150
Covered - employee payroll - measurement period	\$	3,671,208	\$	3,252,990	\$	3,212,073	\$	3,237,215	\$ 3,	123,389	\$ 3	3,089,191	\$	3,018,958	\$	2,999,215	\$	2,844,227
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa	ау	429.21%		444.46%		218.88%		378.66%		354.32%		327.87%		330.75%		290.86%		229.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.15%		73.11%		85.80%		74.14%		74.95%		75.47%		74.70%		75.36%		80.72%
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	1,753,655	\$	1,675,719	\$	1,522,718	\$	1,368,411	\$ 1,	202,912	\$ 1	1,020,979	\$	923,886	\$	851,899	\$	726,938
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		1,753,655		1,675,719		1,522,718		1,409,318	1,	202,912	1	1,020,979		923,886		851,899		726,938
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	(40,907)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
Covered - employee payroll - fiscal year	3,6	561,705.90	3	,671,207.52	3	,252,990.00	3,2	12,073.00	\$ 3,	237,215	\$ 3	3,123,389	\$	3,089,191	\$	3,018,958	\$	2,999,215
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		47.89%		45.64%		46.81%		42.60%		37.16%		32.69%		29.91%		28.22%		24.24%
Misc.	_	2024		2023		2022	_	2021	_	2020		2019		2018		2017	_	2016
Proportion of the net pension liability	_	0.003200%	_	0.005270%		0.005410%	_	0.005090%	0.0	004950%		0.004850%	_	0.004620%		0.004600%	_	0.004611%
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	_	0.003200% 160,096	\$	0.005270% 246,479	\$	0.005410% 102,644	\$	0.005090% 214,664	\$	004950% 198,412	\$	0.004850% 182,742	\$	0.004620% 188,159	\$	0.004600% 161,983	\$	0.004611% 123,372
Proportion of the net pension liability	_	0.003200%	\$	0.005270%	\$ \$	0.005410%		0.005090%	\$	004950%	\$	0.004850%		0.004620%	\$ \$	0.004600%	\$	0.004611%
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096		0.005270% 246,479		0.005410% 102,644	\$	0.005090% 214,664	0.0 \$ \$	004950% 198,412	\$	0.004850% 182,742	\$	0.004620% 188,159	\$	0.004600% 161,983		0.004611% 123,372
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payroll - measurement period	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320		0.005270% 246,479 187,569		0.005410% 102,644 171,369	\$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405	0.0 \$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625	\$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988	\$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963		0.004611% 123,372 99,863
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payroll - measurement period Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320 83.68%	\$	0.005270% 246,479 187,569 131.41% 77.73% 2023		0.005410% 102,644 171,369 59.90%	\$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405 135.52%	0.0 \$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625 128.32% 77.25%	\$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988 106.25%	\$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063 136.28%	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963 150.04%		0.004611% 123,372 99,863 123.54%
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payroll - measurement period Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320 83.68% 86.83%		0.005270% 246,479 187,569 131.41% 77.73%		0.005410% 102,644 171,369 59.90% 89.57%	\$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405 135.52% 76.75%	0.0 \$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625 128.32% 77.25%	\$ \$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988 106.25% 76.69%	\$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063 136.28% 74.57%	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963 150.04% 75.54%		0.004611% 123,372 99,863 123.54% 79.75%
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payroll - measurement period Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320 83.68% 86.83% 2024	\$	0.005270% 246,479 187,569 131.41% 77.73% 2023	\$	0.005410% 102,644 171,369 59.90% 89.57% 2022	\$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405 135.52% 76.75% 2021	0.0 \$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625 128.32% 77.25%	\$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988 106.25% 76.69% 2019	\$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063 136.28% 74.57% 2018	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963 150.04% 75.54% 2017	\$	0.004611% 123,372 99,863 123.54% 79.75% 2016
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payrol! - measurement period Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320 83.68% 86.83% 2024 37,943	\$	0.005270% 246,479 187,569 131.41% 77.73% 2023 42,231	\$	0.005410% 102,644 171,369 59.90% 89.57% 2022 41,361	\$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405 135.52% 76.75% 2021 36,294	0.0 \$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625 128.32% 77.25% 2020 30,992	\$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988 106.25% 76.69% 2019 29,320	\$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063 136.28% 74.57% 2018 19,103	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963 150.04% 75.54% 2017 16,335	\$	0.004611% 123,372 99,863 123.54% 79.75% 2016 13,592
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payroll - measurement period Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320 83.68% 86.83% 2024 37,943 37,943	\$	0.005270% 246,479 187,569 131.41% 77.73% 2023 42,231	\$	0.005410% 102,644 171,369 59.90% 89.57% 2022 41,361	\$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405 135.52% 76.75% 2021 36,294	0.0 \$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625 128.32% 77.25% 2020 30,992	\$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988 106.25% 76.69% 2019 29,320	\$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063 136.28% 74.57% 2018 19,103 19,103	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963 150.04% 75.54% 2017 16,335 16,335	\$	0.004611% 123,372 99,863 123.54% 79.75% 2016 13,592 13,592
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payroll - measurement period Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320 83.68% 86.83% 2024 37,943 37,943	\$	0.005270% 246,479 187,569 131.41% 77.73% 2023 42,231	\$	0.005410% 102,644 171,369 59.90% 89.57% 2022 41,361	\$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405 135.52% 76.75% 2021 36,294	\$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625 128.32% 77.25% 2020 30,992	\$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988 106.25% 76.69% 2019 29,320	\$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063 136.28% 74.57% 2018 19,103 19,103	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963 150.04% 75.54% 2017 16,335 16,335	\$	0.004611% 123,372 99,863 123.54% 79.75% 2016 13,592 13,592
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payrol! - measurement period Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320 83.68% 86.83% 2024 37,943 37,943	\$	0.005270% 246,479 187,569 131.41% 77.73% 2023 42,231 42,231	\$	0.005410% 102,644 171,369 59.90% 89.57% 2022 41,361 41,361	\$ \$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405 135.52% 76.75% 2021 36,294 36,294	\$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625 128.32% 77.25% 2020 30,992 30,992	\$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988 106.25% 76.69% 2019 29,320 29,320	\$ \$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063 136.28% 74.57% 2018 19,103 19,103	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963 150.04% 75.54% 2017 16,335 16,335	\$	0.004611% 123,372 99,863 123.54% 79.75% 2016 13,592 13,592
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payrol! - measurement period Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320 83.68% 86.83% 2024 37,943 37,943	\$	0.005270% 246,479 187,569 131.41% 77.73% 2023 42,231 42,231	\$	0.005410% 102,644 171,369 59.90% 89.57% 2022 41,361 41,361	\$ \$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405 135.52% 76.75% 2021 36,294 36,294	\$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625 128.32% 77.25% 2020 30,992 30,992	\$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988 106.25% 76.69% 2019 29,320 29,320	\$ \$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063 136.28% 74.57% 2018 19,103 19,103	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963 150.04% 75.54% 2017 16,335 16,335	\$	0.004611% 123,372 99,863 123.54% 79.75% 2016 13,592 13,592
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered - employee payrol! - measurement period Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered pa Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	0.003200% 160,096 191,320 83.68% 86.83% 2024 37,943 37,943	\$	0.005270% 246,479 187,569 131.41% 77.73% 2023 42,231 42,231	\$	0.005410% 102,644 171,369 59.90% 89.57% 2022 41,361 41,361	\$ \$	0.005090% 214,664 158,405 135.52% 76.75% 2021 36,294 36,294	\$ \$	004950% 198,412 154,625 128.32% 77.25% 2020 30,992 30,992	\$	0.004850% 182,742 171,988 106.25% 76.69% 2019 29,320 29,320	\$ \$	0.004620% 188,159 138,063 136.28% 74.57% 2018 19,103 19,103	\$	0.004600% 161,983 107,963 150.04% 75.54% 2017 16,335 16,335	\$	0.004611% 123,372 99,863 123.54% 79.75% 2016 13,592 13,592

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Public Agency Pool. However, individual employers in the Plan may have provided a benefit improvement to their employees by granting Two Years Additional Service Credit to members retiring during a specified time period (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes). Employers that have done so may need to report this information as a separate liability in their financial statement as CalPERS considers such amounts to be separately financed employer-specific liabilities. These employers should consult with their auditors.

Changes in assumptions – In 2022, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.15 percent to 6.90 percent.

#### Note 8 – Post Retirement Benefits:

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, Employees' Retirement Plan, the District provides medical insurance to some retired employees. The scope of the benefits provided depends on the memorandum of understanding between the District and the various employee groups.

#### Plan Description

The District provides contributions for post retirement health, dental, and life to some retired employees. The scope of the benefits provided depends on the memorandum of understanding between the District and the various employees.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Current Accounting and Funding Policy of the Plan

The District had previously financed the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis and the expenditures for post-retirement benefits other than pension benefits are recognized as payments are made. During the year ended June 30, 2024, expenditures of approximately \$79,175 were paid for post-employment benefits other than pension benefit.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events in the future. The actuarial assumptions included (a) Demographic assumptions affected by mortality, turnover, disability, and retirement based on the June 30, valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern on sharing benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long term perspective on the calculations.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### APPENDIX C: GASB 74/75 ACCOUNTING ENTRIES AND DISCLOSURES

This report does not necessarily include the entire accounting values. As mentioned earlier, there are certain deferred items that are employer-specific. The District should consult with its auditor if there are any questions about what, if any, adjustments may be appropriate.

GASB 74/75 include a large number of items that should be included in the Note Disclosures and Required Supplementary Information (RSI) Schedules. Many of these items are outside the scope of the actuarial valuation. However, following is information to assist the District in complying with GASB 74/75 disclosure requirements:

#### Paragraph 50: Information about the OPEB Plan

Most of the information about the OPEB plan should be supplied by Scotts Valley Fire Protection District. Following is information to help fulfill Paragraph 50 reporting requirements.

50.c: Following is a table of plan participants

	Number of
	Participants
Inactive Employees Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	18
Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefit	0
Payments*	
Participating Active Employees	32
Total Number of participants	50
ATTY	1

\*We were not provided with information about any terminated, vested employees

#### Paragraph 51: Significant Assumptions and Other Inputs

Shown in Part III.

#### Paragraph 52: Information Related to Assumptions and Other Inputs

The following information is intended to assist Scotts Valley Fire Protection District in complying with the requirements of Paragraph 52.

52.b: <u>Mortality Assumptions</u> Following are the tables the mortality assumptions are based upon. Inasmuch as these tables are based on appropriate populations, and that these tables are used for pension purposes, we believe these tables to be the most appropriate for the valuation.

Mortality Table	2021 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools
	Employees
Disclosure	The mortality assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS
	Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees table
	created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies mortality
	for participating agencies and establishes mortality tables that
	are modified versions of commonly used tables. This table
	incorporates mortality projection as deemed appropriate based
	on CalPERS analysis.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Mortality Table	2021 CalPERS Mortality for Safety Employees
Disclosure	The mortality assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS
	Mortality for Safety Employees table created by CalPERS.
	CalPERS periodically studies mortality for participating
	agencies and establishes mortality tables that are modified
	versions of commonly used tables. This table incorporates
	mortality projection as deemed appropriate based on CalPERS
	analysis.

Mortality Table	2021 CalPERS Retiree Mortality for Safety Employees
Disclosure	The mortality assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS
	Retiree Mortality for Safety Employees table created by
	CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies mortality for
	participating agencies and establishes mortality tables that are
	modified versions of commonly used tables. This table
	incorporates mortality projection as deemed appropriate based
	on CalPERS analysis.

52.c: <u>Experience Studies</u> Following are the tables the retirement and turnover assumptions are based upon. Inasmuch as these tables are based on appropriate populations, and that these tables are used for pension purposes, we believe these tables to be the most appropriate for the valuation.

#### Retirement Tables

Retirement Table	2021 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for Miscellaneous Employees
Disclosure	The retirement assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS
	2.0%@55 Rates for Miscellaneous Employees table created by
	CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies the experience for
	participating agencies and establishes tables that are appropriate
	for each pool.
Retirement Table	2021 CalPERS 2.0%@62 Rates for Miscellaneous Employees
Disclosure	The retirement assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS
	2.0%@62 Rates for Miscellaneous Employees table created by
	CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies the experience for
	participating agencies and establishes tables that are appropriate
	for each pool.
Retirement Table	2021 CalPERS 2.7%@57 Rates for Fire Employees
Disclosure	The retirement assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS
	2.7%@57 Rates for Fire Employees table created by CalPERS.
	CalPERS periodically studies the experience for participating
	agencies and establishes tables that are appropriate for each
1	

Retirement Table	2021 CalPERS 3.0%@55 Rates for Fire Employees
Disclosure	The retirement assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS
	3.0%@55 Rates for Fire Employees table created by CalPERS.
	CalPERS periodically studies the experience for participating
	agencies and establishes tables that are appropriate for each
	pool.

pool.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Turnover Tables

Turnover Table	2021 CalPERS Turnover for Fire Employees
Disclosure	The turnover assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS
	Turnover for Fire Employees table created by CalPERS.
	CalPERS periodically studies the experience for participating
	agencies and establishes tables that are appropriate for each
	pool.

Turnover Table	2021 CalPERS Turnover for Miscellaneous Employees
Disclosure	The turnover assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS
	Turnover for Miscellaneous Employees table created by
	CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies the experience for
	participating agencies and establishes tables that are appropriate
	for each pool.

For other assumptions, we use actual plan provisions and plan data.

- 52.d: The alternative measurement method was not used in this valuation.
- 52.e: NOL using alternative trend assumptions The following table shows the Net OPEB Liability with a healthcare cost trend rate 1% higher and 1% lower than assumed in the valuation.

	Trend 1% Lower	Valuation Trend	Trend 1% Higher
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,167,552	\$1,274,807	\$1,412,030

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The following table shows the reconciliation of the June 30, 2023 Net OPEB Liability (NOL) in the prior valuation to the June 30, 2024 NOL. For some plans, it will provide additional detail and transparency beyond that shown in the table on Page 2.

	TOL	FNP	NOL
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$2,047,694	\$619,582	\$1,428,112
Service Cost	\$47,077	\$0	\$47,077
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	\$126,769	\$0	\$126,769
Expected Investment Income	\$0	\$43,549	(\$43,549)
Administrative Expenses	\$0	(\$584)	\$584
Employee Contributions	\$0	\$0	\$0
Employer Contributions to Trust	\$0	\$155,000	(\$155,000)
Employer Contributions as Benefit Payments	\$0	\$85,861	(\$85,861)
Benefit Payments from Trust	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expected Benefit Payments from Employer	(\$85,861)	(\$85,861)	\$0
Expected Balance at June 30, 2024	\$2,135,679	\$817,547	\$1,318,132
Experience (Gains)/Losses	(\$29,107)	\$0	(\$29,107)
Changes in Assumptions	(\$1,892)	\$0	(\$1,892)
Changes in Benefit Terms	\$0	\$0	\$0
Investment Gains/(Losses)	\$0	\$12,326	(\$12,326)
Other	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Change during 2024	\$56,986	\$210,291	(\$153,305)
Actual Balance at June 30, 2024*	\$2,104,680	\$829,873	\$1,274,807

<sup>\*</sup> May include a slight rounding error.

Changes in the NOL arising from certain sources are recognized on a deferred basis. The deferral history for Scotts Valley Fire Protection District is shown beginning on page 25. The following table summarizes the beginning and ending balances for each deferral item. The current year expense reflects the change in deferral balances for the measurement year.

Deferred Inflow/Outflow Balances Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024

		Change Due to	Change Due to	
	Beginning Balance	New Deferrals	Recognition	Ending Balance
Experience (Gains)/Losses	(\$162,274)	(\$29,107)	\$22,626	(\$168,755)
Assumption Changes	(\$426,525)	(\$1,892)	\$76,680	(\$351,737)
Investment (Gains)/Losses	\$69,449	(\$12,326)	(\$19,747)	\$37,376
Deferred Balances	(\$519,350)	(\$43,325)	\$79,559	(\$483,116)

The following table shows the reconciliation of Net Position (NOL less the balance of any deferred inflows or outflows). When adjusted for contributions, the change in Net Position is equal to the OPEB expense shown previously on page 3.

OPEB Expense Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024

	Beginning Net Position	Ending Net Position	Change
Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	\$1,428,112	\$1,274,807	(\$153,305)
Deferred Balances	(\$519,350)	(\$483,116)	\$36,234
Net Position	\$1,947,462	\$1,757,923	(\$189,539)
Adjust Out Employer Contributions			\$240,861
OPEB Expense			\$51,322

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Note 9 – Risk Management

The District is a member of the Santa Cruz County Fire Agencies Insurance Group (the "Group"). In a board meeting on June 19, 2002, the Group approved the return of its self-insurance certificates to the State and to accept a proposal from California Public Entity Insurance Authority (CPEIA) and joint powers authority for both primary and excess workers' compensation coverage. In a resolution dated September 20, 2007 the Santa Cruz Fire Agencies Insurance Group's Board of Directors opted to terminate the CPEA joint power agreement and merge into the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA) Joint Power Agreement. This change was predicated on the decision of CSAC-EIA to restructure their bylaws and JPA agreements, discontinuing the operation of CPEIA member granted automatic approval of inclusion into both the Primary and Excess EIA workers' compensation programs beginning with the July 1, 2007 policy renewals. The relationship between the Group and CSAC-EIA ("the JPA") is such that CSAC-EIA is not a component unit of the Group for reporting purposes.

CSAC-EIA is a joint powers agency (JPA formed pursuant to Section 6500 et seq. of the California Government Code. Members are assessed a contribution for each program in which they participate. Members may be subject to additional supplemental assessments if it is determined that the contributions are insufficient. Members may withdraw from the CSAC-EIA only at the end of a policy period and only if a sixty day written advance note is given. However, CSAC-EIA may cancel a membership at any time upon a two-thirds vote of the Board of Directors and with sixty days written notice. Upon withdrawal or cancellation, a member shall remain liable for additional assessments for the program periods they have participated. CSAC-EIA is governed by a board of directors. The Board controls the operations of CSAC-EIA including adopting and annual budget.

<u>Primary Workers' Compensation</u> - The Primary Workers' Compensation program is a full service program including claims administration. The program blends pooling of workers' compensation claims with purchased stop loss insurance.

Excess Workers' Compensation - CSAC retains responsibility for payment of claims in excess of \$125,000 for each member who also participates in the primary workers' compensation program. Claim liabilities are recognized based on the actuarial estimate of expected ultimate claim cost discounted at 6%.

Property and Liability Insurance coverage as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Property	Deductible	Limits
Real Property, Including Code Upgrade and On-site	\$1,000	Guaranteed Replacement
Equipment Breakdown		Cost Included
Building Contents and Personal Property	\$1,000	
Building and Contents Sublime, Earthquake and	\$1,000	\$1,000,000 Each loss and
Flood		each location
Electronic Data Processing		
Business - Personal Property Included	\$500	\$250,000
Equipment	\$500	\$250,000
Software	\$500	\$250,000

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Emergency Services	Deductible	Limits
Commandeered and Impounded Property		Larger of Actual Value or
		Liability
Scheduled Equipment Floater:	\$250	<b>Guaranteed Replacement</b>
Miscellaneous Portable Equipment		Cost (Unlimited)
Public Employee Dishonesty/Fidelity Bond		\$250,000
Employee Benefits Liability		\$1,000,000
Automobile Comprehensive	\$250/1,000	Agreed Value or ACV
Automobile Collision	\$250/1,000	Agreed Value or ACV
Liability		-
Commercial/General Liability Each Occurrence		\$1,000,000
General Aggregate Limit		\$10,000,000
<u>Automobile Coverage -</u>		
Combined Single Limit		\$1,000,000
Uninsured/Underinsured Motorists		\$1,000,000
Excess Liability Coverage -		
Operation, Aggregate, Automobile and Public		\$5,000,000 Each
Offices Errors and Omissions, Occurrence		Occurrence
		\$10,000,000 Aggregate
Public Officials Errors and Omissions/Management		\$1,000,000 Each
Liability including Emergency Services Liability -		Wrongful Act
Occurrence, Aggregate - Primary		\$10,000,000 Aggregate
Medical Expense (Any one person)		\$5,000
Valuable Papers/Records		\$250,000
Loss of Income - Extra Expense		Actual Cost
Money and Securities	\$250	\$25,000
Uncollected Funds		\$250,000
Personnel:		
Workers' Compensation		Statutory
PERS Health to 12/31/05, FDAC EBA from 1/1/06 to		Per Policy
current		
Dental		Per Policy
Term Life Insurance		Per Policy

### Note 10 – Subsequent Events

The District's management has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to June 30, 2024 for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through , the date the financial statements because available to be issued. The entity has not evaluated subsequent events after .

**Supplemental Information** 

June 30, 2024

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUE	Budget			Actual	Variance		
		_		_			
Tax Revenue	\$	8,434,588	\$	10,462,043	\$ 2,027,455		
Charges for Service		537,000		280,217	(256,783)		
Interest & Investment Earnings		5,000		103,163	98,163		
District Consolidation Contribution		741,583		256,727	(484,856)		
License & Permits		51,200		30,637	(20,563)		
Grants & Contributions		-		-	-		
Miscellaneous		2,500		9,121	6,621		
TOTAL REVENUE		9,771,871		11,141,908	1,370,037		
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Capital Assets		1,000,000		-	1,000,000		
Debt Service:							
Principle		-		-	-		
Interest		-		-	-		
Professional Fees		228,100		134,969	93,131		
Salaries and Employee Benefits		9,271,671		8,694,336	577,335		
Repairs and Maintenance		235,262		225,803	9,459		
Insurance		72,308		57,538	14,770		
Services, Supplies and Refunds		720,756		451,445	269,311		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		11,528,097		9,564,091	964,006		
Excess (Deficit) Revenues over Expenditures		(1,756,226)		1,577,817			
Transfer In/(Out)		462,500					
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,293,726)		1,577,817			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				3,672,357			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	5,250,174			

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Capital For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUE	Budget		Actual		Variance		
Tax Revenue	\$	145,323	\$	155,498	\$	10,175	
Charges for Service		-		-		-	
Interest & Investment Earnings		1,000		62,856		61,856	
Fire Protection Tax		-		80,789		80,789	
License & Permits		-		<u>-</u>		-	
Grants & Contributions		-		750,304		750,304	
Miscellaneous				54,891		54,891	
TOTAL REVENUE		146,323		1,104,338		958,015	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Capital Assets		190,500		90,545		99,955	
Debt Service:							
Principle		-		-		-	
Interest		-		-		-	
Professional Fees		743,652		134,089		609,563	
Salaries and Employee Benefits		-		-		-	
Repairs and Maintenance		50,000		65,770		(15,770)	
Insurance		-		-		-	
Services, Supplies and Refunds		229,000		67,064		161,936	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,213,152		357,468		855,684	
Excess (Deficit) Revenues over Expenditures		(1,066,829)		746,870			
Transfer In/(Out)							
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,066,829)		746,870			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				1,376,474			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	2,123,344			

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - SCHMIT For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

<u>Addittions</u>	 Budget	Actual		Variance		
Tax Revenue	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Charges for Service	-		-		-	
Interest & Investment Earnings	400		14,915		14,515	
License & Permits	-		-		-	
Aid from other government agencies	261,795		261,795		-	
Miscellaneous	 					
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 262,195		276,710		14,515	
<u>Deductions</u>						
Depreciation	-		18,670		(18,670)	
Professional Fees	7,200		7,200		-	
Salaries and Employee Benefits	-		-		-	
Repairs and Maintenance	28,280		2,496		25,784	
Insurance	2,555		2,556		(1)	
Services, Supplies and Refunds	 309,989		132,431		177,558	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 348,024		163,353		184,671	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION			113,357			
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR			296,529			
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR		\$	409,886			